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Divisional Application of
Serial No. 08/774,722

KLINTZ et al.

02 0050/47953-DIV/Von

The specification has been amended to include a reference to the parent case. No new matter has been added. A separate unmarked copy of the claims as herewith amended and now pending in this application is appended to this paper for the Examiner's convenience.

Please charge any shortage in fees due in connection with the filing of this paper, including Extension of Time fees to Deposit Account No. 11.0345. Please credit any excess fees to such deposit account.

Respectfully submitted,
KEIL & WEINKAUF



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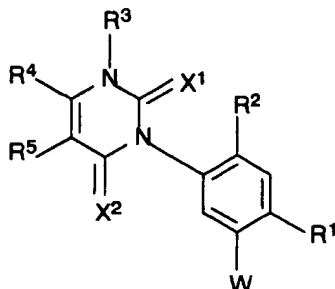
Encl.: THE ACTIVE CLAIMS

HBK/BAS

A P P E N D I X:

THE ACTIVE CLAIMS:

1. (amended) A 3-phenyluracil of formula I



where

X¹ and X² are each oxygen or sulfur;

W is -C(R⁸)=C(R⁹)-CN, -C(R⁸)=C(R⁹)-CO-R¹⁰, -CH(R⁸)-CH(R⁹)-CO-R¹⁰, -C(R⁸)=C(R⁹)-CH₂-CO-R¹⁰, -C(R⁸)=C(R⁹)-C(R¹¹)=C(R¹²)-CO-R¹⁰ or -C(R⁸)=C(R⁹)-CH₂-CH(R¹³)-CO-R¹⁰ where

R⁸ is hydrogen, cyano, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₂-C₆-alkenyl, C₂-C₆-alkynyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₃-C₇-cycloalkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy-C₁-C₆-alkyl or C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl;

R⁹ and R¹² are each hydrogen, cyano, halogen, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy, halo-C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-alkylcarbonyl or C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl;

R¹⁰ is hydrogen, O-R¹⁷, S-R¹⁷, C₁-C₆-alkyl which may further carry one or two C₁-C₆-alkoxy substituents, or C₃-C₆-alkenyl, C₃-C₆-alkynyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₃-C-cycloalkyl, C₁-C₆-alkylthio-C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-alkyliminoxy, -N(R¹⁵)R¹⁶ or

phenyl which is unsubstituted or carries from one to three of the following substituents: cyano, nitro, halogen, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₂-C₆-alkenyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy and C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl,

R¹⁵ and R¹⁶ are each hydrogen, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₃-C₆-alkenyl, C₃-C₆-alkynyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy-C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-alkylcarbonyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl-C₁-C₆-alkyl or C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl-C₂-C₆-alkenyl, where the alkenyl chain is unsubstituted or carries from one to three of the following radicals: halogen and cyano, or phenyl which is unsubstituted or carries from one to

three of the following substituents: cyano, nitro, halogen, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₃-C₆-alkenyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy and C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl, or

R¹⁵ and R¹⁶ together with the common nitrogen atom form a saturated or unsaturated 4-membered to 7-membered heterocyclic structure, where one ring member is optionally replaced by -O-, -S-, -N=, -NH- or -N(C₁-C₆-alkyl)-;

R¹⁷ is hydrogen, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₃-C₆-alkenyl, C₃-C₆-alkynyl, C₃-C₇-cycloalkyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₃-C₆-haloalkenyl, cyano-C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy-C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-alkylthio-C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-alkyloximino-C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-alkylcarbonyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl, C₁-C₆-alkylcarbonyl-C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl-C₁-C₆-alkyl,

phenyl or phenyl-C₁-C₆-alkyl, where each of the phenyl radicals is unsubstituted or carries from one to three of the following substituents: cyano, nitro, halogen, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₃-C₆-alkenyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy and C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl;

R¹¹ is hydrogen, cyano, halogen, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₃-C₆-alkenyl, C₃-C₆-alkynyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy-C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-alkylcarbonyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl,

-NR¹⁸R¹⁹, where R¹⁸ and R¹⁹ have the same meanings as R¹⁵ and R¹⁶, or

phenyl which is unsubstituted or carries from one to three of the following substituents: cyano, nitro, halogen, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₃-C₆-alkenyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy and C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl;

R¹³ is hydrogen, cyano, C₁-C₆-alkyl or C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl; or

R⁹ and R¹⁰ together form a two-membered to five-membered carbon chain in which one carbon atom may be replaced with oxygen, sulfur or unsubstituted or C₁-C₆-alkyl-substituted nitrogen;

R¹ is halogen, cyano, nitro or trifluoromethyl;

R² is hydrogen or halogen;

R³ is hydrogen, nitro, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₃-C₆-alkenyl, C₃-C₆-alkynyl, C₃-C₈-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₈-cycloalkylcarbonyl, cyano-C₁-C₆-alkyl,

C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy-C₁-C₆-alkyl, formyl, C₁-C₆-alkanoyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkylcarbonyl, C₁-C₆-alkylcarbonyl-C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl-C₁-C₆-alkyl;

a group -N(R²⁰)R²¹, where R²⁰ and R²¹ have one of the meanings of R¹⁵ and R¹⁶;

phenyl or phenyl-C₁-C₆-alkyl, where each phenyl ring is unsubstituted or carries from one to three of the following radicals: cyano, nitro, halogen, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₂-C₆-alkenyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy and C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl;

R⁴ is hydrogen, cyano, nitro, halogen, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₂-C₆-alkenyl, C₂-C₆-alkynyl, C₃-C₈-cycloalkyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₁-C₆-hydroxyalkyl, cyano-C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy, C₁-C₆-alkylthio, C₁-C₆-alkoxy-C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-alkylthio-C₁-C₆-alkyl or phenyl which is unsubstituted or carries from one to three of the following radicals: cyano, nitro, halogen, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₂-C₆-alkenyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy and C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl;

R⁵ is hydrogen, cyano, nitro, halogen, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₂-C₆-alkenyl, C₂-C₆-alkynyl, C₃-C₇-cycloalkyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₁-C₆-hydroxyalkyl, cyano-C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy-C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-alkylthio-C₁-C₆-alkyl, formyl, C₁-C₆-alkylcarbonyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkylcarbonyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl-C₂-C₆-alkenyl,

-N(R²²)R²³, where R²² and R²³ have one of the meanings of R¹⁵ and R¹⁶, or

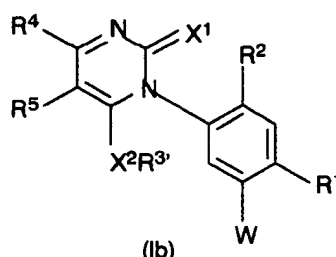
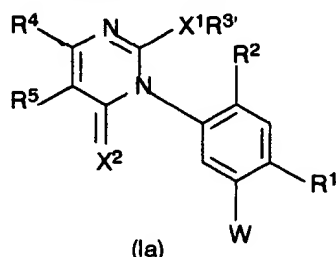
phenyl which is unsubstituted or carries from one to three of the following radicals: cyano, nitro, halogen, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₂-C₆-alkenyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy and C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl, or

R⁴ and R⁵ together form a saturated or unsaturated 3-membered or 4-membered carbon chain which optionally contains from one to three of the following hetero atoms: 1 or 2 oxygen atoms, 1 or 2 sulfur atoms and from 1 to 3 nitrogen atoms, and the chain is unsubstituted or carries from one to three of the following radicals: cyano, nitro, amino, halogen, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₂-C₆-alkenyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy, C₁-C₆-alkylthio and C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl;

with the proviso that R⁴ is not trifluoromethyl when R⁵ is hydrogen and W is -CH=CH-CO-R¹⁰ where R¹⁰ is C₁-C₆-alkoxy or C₃-C₇-cycloalkoxy, and

with the proviso that R^9 is halogen when R^4 and R^5 are simultaneously hydrogen and W is $CH(R^8)-CH(R^9)-CO-R^{10}$, or a salt or an enol form of the compound of formula I in which R^3 is hydrogen.

2. (amended) An enol ether of the compound of formula I defined in claim 1 represented by formula Ia or formula Ib



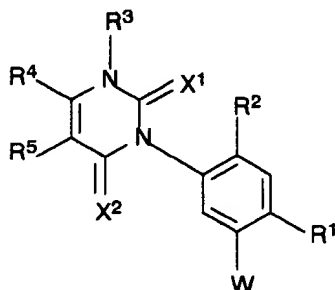
wherein $R^{3'}$ is C_1-C_6 -alkyl, C_3-C_6 -alkenyl or C_3-C_6 -alkynyl, with the proviso that R^4 is not trifluoromethyl when R^5 is hydrogen and W is $-CH=CH-CO-R^{10}$ where R^{10} is C_1-C_6 -alkoxy or C_3-C_6 -cycloalkoxy.

3. (amended) The compound of formula I defined in claim 1 or its salt or enol form, wherein W is $-C(R^8)=C(R^9)-CO-R^{10}$ or $-CH(R^8)-CH(R^9)-CO-R^{10}$.
4. (amended) The compound of formula I defined in claim 1, wherein R^3 is C_1-C_6 -alkyl.
5. (amended) The compound of formula I defined in claim 1 or its salt or enol form, wherein R^2 is hydrogen or fluorine.
6. (amended) The compound of formula I defined in claim 1 or its salt or enol form, wherein R^1 is chlorine or bromine.
7. (amended) The compound of formula I defined in claim 1 or its salt or enol form, wherein R^4 is C_1-C_6 -haloalkyl.
12. (amended) A herbicidal composition comprising an inert liquid or solid carrier and an effective amount of at least one 3-phenyluracil of formula I defined in claim 1, or the salt or the enol form of the compound of formula I in which R^3 is hydrogen.
13. (amended) A method for controlling undesirable plant growth, wherein an effective amount of the 3-phenyluracil of formula I defined in claim 1, or the salt or the enol form of the compound of formula I in which R^3 is hydrogen, is allowed to act on plants, on their habitat or on seed.

14. (amended) A composition for the desiccation or defoliation of plants comprising conventional additives and an effective amount of at least one 3-phenyluracil of formula I defined in claim 1, or the salt or the enol form of the compound of formula I in which R^3 is hydrogen.
15. (amended) A method for the desiccation or defoliation of plants, wherein an effective amount of the 3-phenyluracil of formula I defined in claim 1 is allowed to act on the plants.
16. (amended) The method of claim 15, wherein cotton is defoliated.
17. (amended) A pesticidal composition comprising an inert carrier and an effective amount of at least one 3-phenyluracil of formula I defined in claim 1, or the salt or the enol form of the compound of formula I in which R^3 is hydrogen.
18. (amended) A method for controlling pests, wherein an effective amount of the 3-phenyluracil of formula I defined in claim 1, or the salt or the enol form of the compound of formula I in which R^3 is hydrogen, is allowed to act on pests or their habitat.
20. (new) The compound of formula I defined in claim 1, wherein R^3 is hydrogen, C_1 - C_6 -alkyl or C_1 - C_6 -haloalkyl.
21. (new) The compound of formula I defined in claim 1, wherein R^4 is C_1 - C_6 -alkyl or C_1 - C_6 -haloalkyl, or the salt or enol form thereof when R^3 is hydrogen.
22. (new) The compound of formula I defined in claim 1, wherein R^5 is hydrogen, halogen or C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, or the salt or enol form thereof when R^3 is hydrogen.
23. (new) The compound of formula I defined in claim 1, wherein R^8 is hydrogen, or the salt or enol form thereof when R^3 is hydrogen.
24. (new) The compound of formula I defined in claim 1, wherein R^9 is halogen or C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, or the salt or enol form thereof when R^3 is hydrogen.
25. (new) The compound of formula I defined in claim 1, wherein R^{10} is $-OR^{17}$ or $-N(R^{15})R^{16}$, or the salt or enol form thereof when R^3 is hydrogen.
26. (new) The enol ether defined in claim 2, wherein W is $-C(R^8)=C(R^9)-CO-R^{10}$ or $-CH(R^8)-CH(R^9)-CO-R^{10}$.

27. (new) The enol ether defined in claim 2, wherein R^3 is C_1-C_6 -alkyl.
28. (new) The enol ether defined in claim 2, wherein R^2 is hydrogen or fluorine.
29. (new) The enol ether defined in claim 2, wherein R^1 is chlorine or bromine.
30. (new) The enol ether defined in claim 2, wherein R^4 is C_1-C_6 -haloalkyl.
31. (new) The enol ether defined in claim 2, wherein R^4 is C_1-C_6 -alkyl or C_1-C_6 -haloalkyl.
32. (new) The enol ether defined in claim 2, wherein R^5 is hydrogen, halogen or C_1-C_6 -alkyl.
33. (new) The enol ether defined in claim 2, wherein R^8 is hydrogen.
34. (new) The enol ether defined in claim 2, wherein R^9 is halogen or C_1-C_6 -alkyl.
35. (new) The enol ether defined in claim 2, wherein R^{10} is $-OR^{17}$ or $-N(R^{15})R^{16}$.
36. (new) A herbicidal composition comprising an inert liquid or solid carrier and an effective amount of at least one enol ether of formula Ia or Ib defined in claim 2.
37. (new) A method for controlling undesirable plant growth, wherein an effective amount of the enol ether of formula Ia or Ib defined in claim 2 is allowed to act on plants, on their habitat or on seed.
38. (new) A composition for the desiccation or defoliation of plants comprising conventional additives and an effective amount of at least one enol ether of formula Ia or Ib defined in claim 2.
39. (new) A method for the desiccation or defoliation of plants, wherein an effective amount of the enol ether of formula Ia or Ib defined in claim 2 is allowed to act on the plants.
40. (new) The method of claim 39, wherein cotton is defoliated.

41. (new) A pesticidal composition comprising an inert carrier and an effective amount of at least one enol ether of formula Ia or Ib defined in claim 2.
42. (new) A method for controlling pests, wherein an effective amount of the enol ether of formula Ia or Ib defined in claim 2 is allowed to act on pests or their habitat.
43. (new) A 3-phenyluracil of formula I



where

X¹ and X² are each oxygen or sulfur;

W is -C(R⁸)=C(R⁹)-CN, -C(R⁸)=C(R⁹)-CO-R¹⁰, -CH(R⁸)-CH(R⁹)-CO-R¹⁰, -C(R⁸)=C(R⁹)-CH₂-CO-R¹⁰, -C(R⁸)=C(R⁹)-C(R¹¹)=C(R¹²)-CO-R¹⁰ or -C(R⁸)=C(R⁹)-CH₂-CH(R¹³)-CO-R¹⁰ where

R⁸ is hydrogen, cyano, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₂-C₆-alkenyl, C₂-C₆-alkynyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₃-C₇-cycloalkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy-C₁-C₆-alkyl or C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl;

R⁹ and R¹² are each hydrogen, cyano, halogen, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy, halo-C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-alkylcarbonyl or C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl;

R¹⁰ is hydrogen, O-R¹⁷, S-R¹⁷, C₁-C₆-alkyl which may furthermore carry one or two C₁-C₆-alkoxy substituents, or C₃-C₆-alkenyl, C₃-C₆-alkynyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₃-C, cycloalkyl, C₁-C₆-alkylthio-C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-alkyliminoxy, -N(R¹⁵)R¹⁶ or

phenyl which is unsubstituted or carries from one to three of the following substituents: cyano, nitro, halogen, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₂-C₆-alkenyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy and C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl,

R¹⁵ and R¹⁶ are each hydrogen, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₃-C₆-alkenyl, C₃-C₆-alkynyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy-C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-alkylcarbonyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl-C₁-C₆-alkyl or

C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl-C₂-C₆-alkenyl, where the alkenyl chain is unsubstituted or carries from one to three of the following radicals: halogen and cyano, or phenyl which is unsubstituted or carries from one to three of the following substituents: cyano, nitro, halogen, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₃-C₆-alkenyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy and C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl, or

R¹⁵ and R¹⁶ together with the common nitrogen atom form a saturated or unsaturated 4-membered to 7-membered heterocyclic structure, where one ring member is optionally replaced by -O-, -S-, -N=, -NH- or -N(C₁-C₆-alkyl)-;

R¹⁷ is hydrogen, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₃-C₆-alkenyl, C₃-C₆-alkynyl, C₃-C₇-cycloalkyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₃-C₆-haloalkenyl, cyano-C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy-C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-alkylthio-C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-alkyloximino-C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-alkylcarbonyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl, C₁-C₆-alkylcarbonyl-C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl-C₁-C₆-alkyl,

phenyl or phenyl-C₁-C₆-alkyl, where each of the phenyl radicals is unsubstituted or carries from one to three of the following substituents: cyano, nitro, halogen, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₃-C₆-alkenyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy and C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl;

R¹¹ is hydrogen, cyano, halogen, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₃-C₆-alkenyl, C₃-C₆-alkynyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy-C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-alkylcarbonyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl,

-NR¹⁸R¹⁹, where R¹⁸ and R¹⁹ have the same meanings as R¹⁵ and R¹⁶, or

phenyl which is unsubstituted or carries from one to three of the following substituents: cyano, nitro, halogen, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₃-C₆-alkenyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy and C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl;

R¹³ is hydrogen, cyano, C₁-C₆-alkyl or C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl; or

R⁹ and R¹⁰ together form a two-membered to five-membered carbon chain in which one carbon atom may be replaced with oxygen, sulfur or unsubstituted or C₁-C₆-alkyl-substituted nitrogen;

R¹ is halogen, cyano, nitro or trifluoromethyl;

R² is hydrogen or halogen;

R³ is hydrogen, nitro, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₃-C₆-alkenyl, C₃-C₆-alkynyl, C₃-C₈-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₈-cycloalkylcarbonyl, cyano-C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy-C₁-C₆-alkyl, formyl, C₁-C₆-alkanoyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkylcarbonyl, C₁-C₆-alkylcarbonyl-C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl-C₁-C₆-alkyl;
a group -N(R²⁰)R²¹, where R²⁰ and R²¹ have one of the meanings of R¹⁵ and R¹⁶;

phenyl or phenyl-C₁-C₆-alkyl, where each phenyl ring is unsubstituted or carries from one to three of the following radicals: cyano, nitro, halogen, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₂-C₆-alkenyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy and C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl;

R⁴ is hydrogen, cyano, nitro, halogen, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₂-C₆-alkenyl, C₂-C₆-alkynyl, C₃-C₈-cycloalkyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₁-C₆-hydroxyalkyl, cyano-C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy, C₁-C₆-alkylthio, C₁-C₆-alkoxy-C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-alkylthio-C₁-C₆-alkyl or phenyl which is unsubstituted or carries from one to three of the following radicals: cyano, nitro, halogen, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₂-C₆-alkenyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy and C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl;

R⁵ is hydrogen, cyano, nitro, halogen, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₂-C₆-alkenyl, C₂-C₆-alkynyl, C₃-C₇-cycloalkyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₁-C₆-hydroxyalkyl, cyano-C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy-C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-alkylthio-C₁-C₆-alkyl, formyl, C₁-C₆-alkylcarbonyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkylcarbonyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl-C₂-C₆-alkenyl,
-N(R²²)R²³, where R²² and R²³ have one of the meanings of R¹⁵ and R¹⁶, or

phenyl which is unsubstituted or carries from one to three of the following radicals: cyano, nitro, halogen, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₂-C₆-alkenyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy and C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl, or

R⁴ and R⁵ together form a saturated or unsaturated 3-membered or 4-membered carbon chain which optionally contains from one to three of the following hetero atoms: 1 or 2 oxygen atoms, 1 or 2 sulfur atoms and from 1 to 3 nitrogen atoms, and the chain is unsubstituted or carries from one to three of the following radicals: cyano, nitro, amino, halogen, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₂-C₆-alkenyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy, C₁-C₆-alkylthio and C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl;

with the proviso that R^4 is not trifluoromethyl when R^5 is hydrogen and W is $-\text{CH}=\text{CH}-\text{CO}-R^{10}$ where R^{10} is $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6\text{-alkoxy}$ or $\text{C}_3\text{-C}_7\text{-cycloalkoxy}$, and

with the proviso that R^9 is halogen when R^4 and R^5 are simultaneously hydrogen and W is $\text{CH}(R^8)-\text{CH}(R^9)-\text{CO}-R^{10}$,

or a salt of the compound of formula I in which R^3 is hydrogen, or an enol form of the compound of formula I in which R^3 is hydrogen, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6\text{-alkyl}$, $\text{C}_3\text{-C}_6\text{-alkenyl}$ or $\text{C}_3\text{-C}_6\text{-alkynyl}$.